Risk Assessment											
Risk Assessment for the activity of	Airsoft Game Days and Events		Date	10/08/2023							
Unit/Faculty/Directorate	Southampton University Paintball and Airsoft Clubs	Thomas Cross									
Line Manager/Supervisor	SUSU	Signed off	Mark Towers								

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PART A											
(1) Risk identification		(2) Risk assessment					(3) Risk management				
Hazard Potential Who migl	Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Residual			Further controls (use		
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)	

(1) Risk identification			(2)	Risk	ass	essment	(3) Risk management				
Hazard	Potential	Who might be	e Inherent				Residual			Further controls (use	
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)	
						 All players shall be briefed on Site rules by the Site staff before the first game of the day. Hire face protection shall cover the full face and forehead 					

Use of Pyrotechnics (Pyro)	 Bang-type pyro can cause hearing damage when fired at close range Smoke from smoke grenades can be hazardous if inhaled in large quantities Hot pyro can cause burns. Blank-firing grenades (BFGs) can injure if 	Players, Marshalls	4	4	16	 Players must be over 18 to use or own pyro. Player-used Pyro shall be limited in explosion size to mk. 5 or lower for cardboard pyro, 9 mm blank or 0.209 primer for BFGs. All pyro shall be from a reputable manufacturer such 	3	3	9	•	Players shall be advised to wear ear defence suitable for activities such as shooting when playing.
	thrown into a player.					 as TLSFx or Enola Gaye. No homemade pyro shall be permitted on-site. Players shall comply with any site rules which further restrict the types of pyro permitted. Smoke grenades shall not be thrown into buildings or structures. 					
						 Players shall not touch any pyro which has been thrown, except to recover their own BFG(s). Site marshals may move smoke grenades which are causing significant smoke to enter a 					

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(1) Risk identi	(1) Risk identification		(2) Risk assessment					(3) Risk management				
Hazard	Hazard Potential Who mig		Inh	eren	t		Res	sidua	al	Further controls (use		
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)		
						 structure using a boot or protective gloves. Detonation of pyro shall not be permitted when outside the game zone. BFGs shall only be thrown underarm, and not above knee height. Players shall ensure they can see the point a pyro will land when releasing it. Players shall not deliberately throw pyro at another player. 						

Slips, Trips, Falls and Sporting Injuries	 Potential for cuts and bruises if a player falls. Risk of broken bones if limbs become trapped in rabbit holes or similar Open wounds may become infected if not properly covered 	Players, Marshalls	4	4	16	 Players shall be recommended to use appropriate footwear such as boots, and to avoid any open-soled footwear. Marshalls carry first- aid kits and are trained in their use. Players shall be advised to proceed with caution around natural and uneven terrain. Players shall be advised to wear long trousers and/or 	2	3	6	•	Players shall be warned should wet/icy weather be forecast and play shall be suspended in case of dangerous conditions underfoot.
						 with caution around natural and uneven terrain. Players shall be advised to wear long 					

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PART A										
(1) Risk identi	(1) Risk identification			Risk	ass	essment	(3)	Risk	ma	nagement
Hazard	Potential	Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Res	sidua	al	Further controls (use
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)
						mandatory safety brief.				

PART A										VEISION, 2.3/201		
(1) Risk ider	ntification		(2) Risk assessment					(3) Risk management				
Hazard	Consequences harmed (user; tho nearby; the in the vicir members	Who might be harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood ul	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Further controls (use the risk hierarchy)		
Inclement weather	 Risk of hypothermia/heatstroke in extremes of temperature. Enhanced risk of slips and falls in wet/icy weather. Risk of dehydration at all times when undertaking physical activity 	Players, Marshalls	4	3	12	 Players shall be warned if inclement weather is forecast and recommended to wear/bring appropriate clothing for a full day outside in such weather. Players shall be recommended to bring plenty of water in cases of hot weather. Provision shall be made for regular breaks in hot weather. Site Staff will close any area which poses significant risk in current conditions 	4	2	8	• Events shall be cancelled in cases of extreme weather which make play unreasonably dangerous in the eyes of Site Staff or the Committee.		

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Travel to events	•	Risk of road traffic incident when travelling	Players, other road users	3	5	15	 Nominated Drivers must hold a full UK 	2	5	10	•	Passengers shall avoid distracting the
		by car or minibus.	03013				driving license and					driver unless
	•	Cars full with kit and					be covered by					important.
	•	passengers increases					appropriate motor					•
		risk of incident					insurance for the					
		lisk of incluent					vehicle they are to					
							use at the time of					
							the event. If using a					
							SUSU minibus					
					1		drivers shall have					
					1		passed a SUSU					
							minibus test in					
							accordance with					
							SUSU regulations.					
							 Vehicles to be used must have valid 					
							tax/MOT certificates					
							as appropriate for					
							the vehicle					
							Nominated Drivers					
							must comply with					
							the Road Traffic Act					
							1988 and guidance					
							in the Highway Code					
							(ISBN 0115533427)					
							• Vehicles shall not be					
					1		loaded beyond their					
					1		maximum weight					
							limit and shall,					
					1		where possible, be					
							loaded such that the					
					1		driver can see aft of					
							the car using the					
							mirrors.					

(1) Risk identification				(2) Risk assessment				(3) Risk management		
Hazard	Potential	Who might be	Inherent				Residual			Further controls (use
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)
Mistaken identity of airsofters	 Members of the public may not be able to distinguish a RIF from a firearm and could be distressed. Police or security may fail to recognise a RIF and treat it as a real firearm. Public may mistake players for real military forces 	Members of the public	4	1	4	 RIFs shall be kept out of sight in cases and bags until at the game zone. Players shall not wear vests, plate carriers, helmets etc. until at the Site. 	2	1	2	

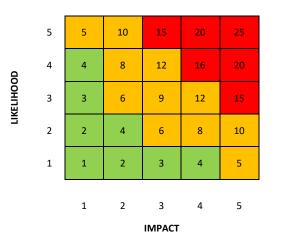
Version: 2.3/2017

PART B – Action Plan

ts Relevant committee members – president to ensure complete. Relevant committee	When applicable 01/11/23	10/11/23	
	01/11/23	10/11/23	
members – president to ensure complete.			
ant Committee nk Member organising the event.	When applicable		
ities Committee ers Member organising the event.	When applicable		
i	nt Committee nk Member organising the event. ties Committee ers Member organising the	ensure complete. nt Committee When applicable organising the event. ties Committee When event. ties Committee When applicable organising the	ensure complete. nt Committee When nk Member applicable organising the event. ties Committee When event. ties Committee When applicable organising the event. Responsible man

Assessment Guidance

1. Eliminate	Remove the hazard wherever possible which negates the need for further controls	If this is not possible then explain why	1
2. Substitute	Replace the hazard with one less hazardous	If not possible then explain why	2
3. Physical controls	Examples: enclosure, fume cupboard, glove box	Likely to still require admin controls as well	3
4. Admin controls	Examples: training, supervision, signage		4
5. Personal protection	Examples: respirators, safety specs, gloves	Last resort as it only protects the individual	5



Risk process

- 1. Identify the impact and likelihood using the tables above.
- 2. Identify the risk rating by multiplying the Impact by the likelihood using the coloured matrix.
- 3. If the risk is amber or red identify control measures to reduce the risk to as low as is reasonably practicable.
- 4. If the residual risk is green, additional controls are not necessary.
- 5. If the residual risk is amber the activity can continue but you must identify and implement further controls to reduce the risk to as low as reasonably practicable.
- 6. If the residual risk is red <u>do not continue with the activity</u> until additional controls have been implemented and the risk is reduced.
- 7. Control measures should follow the risk hierarchy, where appropriate as per the pyramid above.
- 8. The cost of implementing control measures can be taken into account but should be proportional to the risk i.e. a control to reduce low risk may not need to be carried out if the cost is high but a control to manage high risk means that even at high cost the control would be necessary.

Imp	act	Health & Safety
1	Trivial - insignificant	Very minor injuries e.g. slight bruising
2	Minor	Injuries or illness e.g. small cut or abrasion which require basic first aid treatment even in self- administered.
3	Moderate	Injuries or illness e.g. strain or sprain requiring first aid or medical support.
4	Major	Injuries or illness e.g. broken bone requiring medical support >24 hours and time off work >4 weeks.
5	Severe - extremely significant	Fatality or multiple serious injuries or illness requiring hospital admission or significant time off work.

Likelihood	
1	Rare e.g. 1 in 100,000 chance or higher
2	Unlikely e.g. 1 in 10,000 chance or higher
3	Possible e.g. 1 in 1,000 chance or higher
4	Likely e.g. 1 in 100 chance or higher
5	Very Likely e.g. 1 in 10 chance or higher