Risk Assessment											
Risk Assessment for the activity of	Halloween social: Pub crawl		Date	: 25.10.24							
Unit/Faculty/Directorate /Club or Society	SignSoc	Assessor	Kacey	white							
Line Manager/Supervisor/Pre sident	Kacey white	Signed off	Emily	Watkin							

PART A										
(1) Risk identi	(1) Risk identification			Risk	ass	essment	(3)	Risk	mai	nagement
Hazard	Potential	Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Res	sidua	ıl	Further controls (use
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)

Road traffic	Vehicles collision -causing	Event organisers,	4	3	12	·	es chosen local and
accident/	serious injury	event attendees,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	n a short distance
Walking		Members of the				' '	each other.
between places		public				the list of venues will be	
while						·	cidents are to be
intoxicated							ted on the as soon as
							ble ensuring the duty
							ager/health and
							y officer have been
						attendees' <b>own</b> inform	ned.
						responsibility. • Follo	w <u>SUSU incident</u>
						• local venues known to UoS repor	rt policy
						students chosen	
						Event organisers will be	
						available to direct people	
						between venues.	
						Attendees will be	
						encouraged to identify a	
						'buddy', this will make it	
						easier for people to stay	
						together. They will be	
						encouraged (but not	
						expected) to look out for	
						one another and check in	
						throughout the night	
						where possible.	
						Avoid large groups of	
						people totally blocking the	
						pavement or spilling in to	
						the road.	
						Anybody in the group who	
						is very drunk or appears	
						unwell and therefore not	
						safe should be encouraged	

PART A			_									
(1) Risk identi	fication		(2)	Risk	ass	essment	(3) Risk management					
Hazard	Potential	Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Res	idua	ıl	Further controls (use		
	Consequences	harmed  (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)		
						to go home ideally with someone else. If required a taxi will be called for them.  • Be considerate of other pedestrians & road users, keep disturbance & noise down.  • Avoid behaviour likely to provoke a disturbance or fights.						

Spiked drinks/ Alcohol poisoning	Participants may consume too much alcohol during this event or be spiked. This could result in a loss of consciousness or self-control	Event organisers, event attendees,	2	5	10	<ul> <li>Supervision, the event will be run by the society committee These attend each venue. Ideally, they will not drink to excess during the event</li> <li>Bouncers/trained staff in Pubs should watch for excessive drinking and watch people who are believed to have consumed a lot of alcohol. Report any suspicious behaviour to staff.</li> <li>Participants encouraged to stay with a nominated 'buddy' where possible.</li> <li>The organizers have confirmed the premise is licensed. Action organizers (b).</li> <li>The consumption of alcohol will take place at licensed premises. The conditions on the license will be adhered to and alcohol will not be served to customers who have drunk to excess. Action licensee.</li> <li>Games involving binge drinking or the</li> </ul>	2	3	Θ	<ul> <li>Members are responsible for their individual safety though and are expected to act sensibly when walking around. For anyone who is too inebriated it will be suggested to them that they should return home rather than continue on the social. Taxis will be called if required (look at SUSU safety Bus, Radio Taxis options)</li> <li>If they need to go to the hospital they will also be accompanied there.</li> <li>Participants advised to avoid leaving drinks unattended and if you think anything has been added to a drink; report it; try and retain the drink for testing.</li> <li>All incidents are to be reported on the as soon as possible ensuring the duty manager/health and</li> </ul>
						drinking or the consumption of excessive amounts of alcohol are				ensuring the duty manager/health and

1) Risk identi	fication		(2)	Risk	ass	essment	(3) Risk management					
lazard	Potential	Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Res	idua	al	Further controls (use		
	Consequences	(user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)		
						not to be undertaken Society to follow Code of				safety officer have been informed.		
						conduct/Expect Respect policy				Follow <u>SUSU incide</u> report policy		

PART A										
(1) Risk identi		T				essment				nagement
Hazard	Potential Consequences	Who might be harmed  (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood s	lmpact and	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood es	Impact	Score	Further controls (use the risk hierarchy)
Participants getting lost or leaving without any one being aware	During the event participants may decide they want to leave, or they may get lost on the way	Event organisers, event attendees,	3	3	9	<ul> <li>If a person leaves without warning all efforts will be done to locate them. Stress however that attendees are responsible for their individual safety.</li> <li>Supervision, the event will be run by the society committee These attend each venue. Ideally, they will not drink to excess during the event</li> <li>Venues chosen local and within a short distance from each other. Will look to select venues known to UoS students and within student areas.</li> </ul>	2	2	4	<ul> <li>Follow <u>SUSU incident</u>         report policy</li> <li>Call emergency services as required</li> </ul>

Violent or offensive behaviour	Participants may become violent or offensive due to the consumption of too much alcohol.  Members of the public may act violently towards participants.	Event organisers, event attendees,	2	5	10	<ul> <li>Bouncers will be present at most venues.</li> <li>Bar Security staff will need to be alerted and emergency services called as required.</li> <li>The consumption of alcohol will take place at licensed premises. The conditions on the license will be adhered to and alcohol will not be served to customers who have drunk to excess</li> <li>Committee to select 'student friendly' bars/clubs and contact them in advance to inform them of the event</li> <li>Society to follow and share with members</li> </ul>	1	3	5		becomes very serious and results in the participant being arrested then it will be made clear that they cannot be accompanied to the police station.
						Code of conduct/SUSU  Expect Respect policy					
Adverse Weather	<ul><li>Injury</li><li>Illness</li><li>Slipping</li><li>Burns</li></ul>	Event organisers, event attendees,	4	3	12	<ul> <li>Lead organiser to check the weather are suitable for activities on the day</li> <li>Warn those attending to prepare by wearing appropriate clothing and footwear e.g. via social media posts, email invites</li> </ul>	4	1	4	t u	f adverse weather is too extreme to be controlled, the event should altimately be cancelled or costponed to a different date

PART A												
(1) Risk identif	fication		(2)	Risk	ass	essment	(3) Risk management					
Hazard		Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Res	sidua	ıl	Further controls (use		
	Consequences	harmed  (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)  the the risk hierarchy)  the	the risk hierarchy)					
						In the case of hot weather organisers to advice participants to bring/wear appropriate level sunscreen, hydrate						

PART A										
(1) Risk iden	tification		(2)	Risk	ass	essment	(3)	Risk	mar	nagement
Hazard	Potential	Who might be	Inh	eren	t		Res	idua	ıl	Further controls (use
	Consequences	harmed (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	the risk hierarchy)
Falls/ slips	Consumption of too much alcohol may result in participants falling and subsequently injuring themselves.	Event organisers, event attendees,	3	2	6	<ul> <li>Committee to check that chosen venues meet the following requirements:         <ul> <li>Venue is in good condition with no major trip hazards.</li> <li>Bar staff monitor the condition of the floors &amp; mop up split drinks.</li> <li>Security staff &amp; Bar Staff provide first aid cover.</li> <li>DJ's or bands equipment placed so as not to form a trip hazard. Power supply leads taped down.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3	1	3	<ul> <li>If necessary, emergency services will be called</li> <li>Request first aid at venue</li> <li>Follow <u>SUSU incident report policy</u></li> </ul>

PART A (1) Risk iden	PART A (1) Risk identification					essment	(3) Risk management				
Hazard	Potential Consequences	Who might be harmed  (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)		eren		Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)		mpact		Further controls (use the risk hierarchy)	
Allergies	Allergic reactions to food and drink when out	Event organisers, event attendees,	3	5	15	<ul> <li>Attendees responsible for own welfare I such instances- follow guidelines of venues</li> <li>First aid requested from bar staff as required</li> </ul>	1	5	5	Call Emergency     Services/alert bar staff	

Version: 2.3/2017

PART A										-
(1) Risk identi			(2)	Risk	ass	essment				nagement
Hazard	Potential Consequences	Who might be harmed  (user; those nearby; those in the vicinity; members of the public)	Likelihood ul	lmpact eren	Score	Control measures (use the risk hierarchy)	Likelihood	Impact	Score	Further controls (use the risk hierarchy)
Costumes/Fancy Dress	Props/costumes causing injury or offence	Participants Members of the public	2	2	4	<ul> <li>Ask members to only bring small items and use sensibly. Members of the society are responsible for their own possessions and the use of them.</li> <li>Choose a theme unlikely to cause offence. Any participant wearing items deemed offensive asked to remove these.</li> <li>Society to follow and share with members Code of conduct/SUSU Expect Respect policy</li> </ul>	1	2	2	SUSU Expect Respect policy to be followed     Committee WIDE training

#### PART B - Action Plan

#### Version: 2.3/2017

#### **Risk Assessment Action Plan**

Part no.	Action to be taken, incl. Cost	By whom	Target date	Review date	Outcome at review date
	Organizers to ensure they have shared and read Expect respect policy with members				
	Route planned and shared in advance with attendees				
	Organizers to confirm each premise is licensed				
	All major incidents will be logged with SUSU the next day.				
	Weather check prior to event start				
	WIDE training completed by committee				
Responsible manager's signature: Kacey white				Respons	ible manager's signature: Emily watkins
Print name: KACEY WHITE		Date:25.10.24	Print name: Emily Georgia Watkins Date: 25/10/24		

#### **Assessment Guidance**

1. Eliminate	Remove the hazard wherever possible which negates the need for further controls	If this is not possible then explain why	1
2. Substitute	Replace the hazard with one less hazardous	If not possible then explain why	2
3. Physical controls	Examples: enclosure, fume cupboard, glove box	Likely to still require admin controls as well	3
4. Admin controls	Examples: training, supervision, signage		4
5. Personal protection	Examples: respirators, safety specs, gloves	Last resort as it only protects the individual	5



#### Risk process

- 1. Identify the impact and likelihood using the tables above.
- 2. Identify the risk rating by multiplying the Impact by the likelihood using the coloured matrix.
- 3. If the risk is amber or red identify control measures to reduce the risk to as low as is reasonably practicable.
- 4. If the residual risk is green, additional controls are not necessary
- If the residual risk is amber the activity can continue but you must identify and implement further controls to reduce the risk to as low as reasonably practicable.
- 6. If the residual risk is red <u>do not continue with the activity</u> until additional controls have been implemented and the risk is reduced.
- 7. Control measures should follow the risk hierarchy, where appropriate as per the pyramid above.
- 8. The cost of implementing control measures can be taken into account but should be proportional to the risk i.e. a control to reduce low risk may not need to be carried out if the cost is high but a control to manage high risk means that even at high cost the control would be necessary.

Impact		Health & Safety			
1	Trivial - insignificant	Very minor injuries e.g. slight bruising			
2	Minor	Injuries or illness e.g. small cut or abrasion which require basic first aid treatment even in self- administered.			
3	Moderate	Injuries or illness e.g. strain or sprain requiring first aid or medical support.			
4	Major	Injuries or illness e.g. broken bone requiring medical support >24 hours and time off work >4 weeks.			
5	Severe - extremely significant	Fatality or multiple serious injuries or illness requiring hospital admission or significant time off work.			

Likelihood	
1	Rare e.g. 1 in 100,000 chance or higher
2	Unlikely e.g. 1 in 10,000 chance or higher
3	Possible e.g. 1 in 1,000 chance or higher
4	Likely e.g. 1 in 100 chance or higher
5	Very Likely e.g. 1 in 10 chance or higher